

BASEL III PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES AS ON 31.03.2014

TABLE DF – 1: SCOPE OF APPLICATION

Name of the head of the banking group to which the framework applies: Canara Bank

(i) Qualitative Disclosures:

a. List of group entities considered for consolidation

Name of the entity / (Country of Incorporation)	Whether the entity is included under accounting scope of consolidation (Yes/No)	Explain the method of consolidation	Whether the entity is included under regulatory scope of consolidation (Yes/No)	Explain the method of consolidation	Explain the reasons for difference in method of consolidation	Explain the reasons if consolidated under only one of the scopes of consolidation
Canbank Financial Services Ltd. (India)	Yes	As per Accounting Standard – 21 on Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	As per Accounting Standard – 21 on Consolidated Financial Statements	N.A	N.A
Canbank Venture Capital Fund Ltd. (India)	Yes	As per Accounting Standard – 21 on Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	As per Accounting Standard – 21 on Consolidated Financial Statements	N.A	N.A
Canbank Factors Ltd. (India)	Yes	As per Accounting Standard – 21 on Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	As per Accounting Standard – 21 on Consolidated Financial Statements	N.A	N.A

Name of the entity / (Country of Incorporation)	Whether the entity is included under accounting scope of consolidation (Yes/No)	Explain the method of consolidation	Whether the entity is included under regulatory scope of consolidation (Yes/No)	Explain the method of consolidation	Explain the reasons for difference in method of consolidation	Explain the reasons if consolidated under only one of the scopes of consolidation
Canara Robeco Asset Management Company Ltd. (India)	Yes	As per Accounting Standard – 21 on Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	As per Accounting Standard – 21 on Consolidated Financial Statements	N.A	N.A
Canbank Computer Services Ltd. (India)	Yes	As per Accounting Standard – 21 on Consolidated Financial Statements	No	N.A	N.A	Non Financial Subsidiary. Deducted from Consolidated Regulatory Capital of the group.
Canara Bank Securities Ltd. (India)	Yes	As per Accounting Standard – 21 on Consolidated Financial Statements	Yes	As per Accounting Standard – 21 on Consolidated Financial Statements	N.A	N.A
Canara HSBC Oriental Bank of Commerce Life Insurance Company Ltd. (India)	Yes	As per Accounting Standard – 21 on Consolidated Financial Statements	No	N.A	N.A	Insurance Subsidiary. Deducted from Consolidated Regulatory Capital of the group.
Commercial Indo Bank LLC., Moscow (Russia)	Yes	As per Accounting Standard -27 on Financial Reporting of Interest in Joint Venture	No	As per Accounting Standard -27 on Financial Reporting of Interest in Joint Venture	N.A	N.A

Name of the entity / (Country of Incorporation)	Whether the entity is included under accounting scope of consolidation (Yes/No)	Explain the method of consolidation	Whether the entity is included under regulatory scope of consolidation (Yes/No)	Explain the method of consolidation	Explain the reasons for difference in method of consolidation	Explain the reasons if consolidated under only one of the scopes of consolidation
Canfin Homes Ltd. (India)	Yes	As per Accounting Standard -23 on Accounting for Investment in Associates in Consolidated Financial Statements	No	N.A	N.A	Bank's investment in Canfin Homes Ltd, has been Risk weighted for capital adequacy purposes
Pragathi Krishna Gramin Bank (India)	Yes	As per Accounting Standard -23 on Accounting for Investment in Associates in Consolidated Financial Statements	No	N.A	N.A	Bank's investment in Pragathi Krishna Gramin Bank, has been Risk weighted for capital adequacy purposes
Kerala Gramin Bank (India)	Yes	As per Accounting Standard -23 on Accounting for Investment in Associates in Consolidated Financial Statements	No	N.A	N.A	Bank's investment in Kerala Gramin Bank, has been Risk weighted for capital adequacy purposes

b. List of group entities not considered for consolidation both under the accounting and regulatory scope of consolidation

There are no entities in the group which are not considered for consolidation under both accounting scope of consolidation and regulatory scope of consolidation.

(ii) Quantitative Disclosures:

c. List of group entities considered for consolidation

Name of the entity / Country of Incorporation (as indicated in (a) above)	Principle activity of the entity	Total balance sheet equity as on 31 st March 2014 Amount (₹ in Millions)	Total balance sheet assets as on 31 st March 2014 Amount (₹ in Millions)
Canbank Venture Capital Fund Ltd. (India)	Trustee and Manager of Canbank Venture Capital Fund	2.50	305.43
Canbank Factors Ltd. (India)	Engaged in the business of Factoring	200.00	7,245.18
Canara Robeco Asset Management Company Ltd. (India)	Manager of Canbank Mutual Fund	498.54	1,076.02
Canara Bank Securities Ltd.(India)	Business of Providing Stock Broking services to Institutional and retail clients	400.00	1,195.73
Canbank Financial Services Ltd. (India)	Its net-worth is totally eroded and currently it is not engaged in any of the activities of a non-banking financial company	300.00	486.86
Commercial Indo Bank LLC., Moscow (Russia)	Banking	2,196.90 (36.67 Mn USD)	6,103.00 (101.86 Mn USD)

d. The aggregate amount of capital deficiencies in all subsidiaries which are not included in the regulatory scope of consolidation i.e. that are deducted:

There is no capital deficiency in the subsidiaries of the Bank which are not included in the regulatory scope of consolidation as on March 31, 2014.

- e. The aggregate amounts (e.g. current book value) of the Bank's total interests in insurance entities, which are risk-weighted:

Name of the insurance entities/ Country of Incorporation	Principle activity of the entity	Total balance sheet equity (as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the legal entity) Amount (₹ in Millions)	% of bank's holding in the total equity / proportion of voting power	Quantitative impact on regulatory capital of using risk weighting method versus using the full deduction method
Canara HSBC Oriental Bank of Commerce Life Insurance Company Ltd. (India)	Insurance Business	9,500	51%	11 bps positive impact on CRAR

- f. Any restrictions or impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the banking group:

There is no restriction or impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the banking group.

TABLE DF – 2: CAPITAL ADEQUACY

(i) Qualitative Disclosures

The Bank has put in place a robust Risk Management Architecture with due focus on Capital optimization and on profit maximization, i.e. to do maximum business out of the available capital which in turn maximize profit or return on equity. Bank is benchmarking on globally accepted sound risk management system, conforming to Basel III framework, enabling a more efficient equitable and prudent allocation of resources.

In Capital Planning process, the bank reviews:

- Current capital requirement of the Bank
- The targeted and sustainable capital in terms of business strategy and risk appetite.

Capital need and capital optimization are monitored periodically by the Capital Planning Committee comprising Top Executives. Capital requirement is projected quarterly considering the expected growth in advances, investments and investments in Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures, etc. Committee takes into consideration various options available for capital augmentation in tune with business growth and realignment of Capital structure duly undertaking the scenario analysis for capital optimization.

Quantitative disclosures

SI No	Items	Amount (₹ in Millions)
		31.03.2014
(b)	Capital requirements for Credit Risk	
	• Portfolios subject to Standardized Approach	244,287.42
	• Securitization Exposures	1,686.83
(c)	Capital requirements for Market Risk	
	• Standardized Duration Approach	
	- Interest Rate Risk	13,424.02
	- Foreign Exchange Risk (including Gold)	592.47
	- Equity Risk	5,817.54
(d)	Capital requirements for Operational Risk	
	• Basic Indicator Approach	15,572.82
(e)	Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 1 and Total Capital	
	• Group	
	- CET 1 Capital	234,219.52
	- Tier 1 Capital	243,420.89
	- Tier 2 Capital	92,679.80
	- Total Capital	336,100.69
	• Stand alone (Parent Bank)	
	- CET 1 Capital	231,320.75
	- Tier 1 Capital	239,909.28
	- Tier 2 Capital	92,046.26
	- Total Capital	331,955.54
(f)	Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 1 and Total Capital ratios:	
	• Group CRAR	
	- CET 1 Ratio	7.49%
	- Tier 1 Ratio	7.79%
	- Tier 2 Ratio	2.96%
	- CRAR	10.75%
	• Stand alone (Parent Bank) CRAR	
	- CET 1 Ratio	7.41%
	- Tier 1 Ratio	7.68%
	- Tier 2 Ratio	2.95%
	- CRAR	10.63%

TABLE DF – 3: CREDIT RISK: GENERAL DISCLOSURES

(i) Qualitative Disclosures

The Bank's policies assume moderate risk appetite and healthy balance between risk and return. The primary risk management goals are to maximize value for shareholders within acceptable parameters and adequately addressing the requirements of regulatory authorities, depositors and other stakeholders. The guiding principles in risk management of the Bank comprise of Compliance with regulatory and legal requirements, achieving a balance between risk and return, ensuring independence of risk functions, and aligning risk management and business objectives. The Credit Risk Management process of the Bank is driven by a strong organizational culture and sound operating procedures, involving corporate values, attitudes, competencies, employment of business intelligence tools, internal control culture, effective internal reporting and contingency planning.

The overall objectives of Bank's Credit Risk Management are to:

- Ensure credit growth, both qualitatively and quantitatively that would be sectorally balanced, diversified with optimum dispersal of risk.
- Ensure adherence to regulatory prudential norms on exposures and portfolios.
- Adequately pricing various risks in the credit exposure.
- Form part of an integrated system of risk management encompassing identification, measurement, monitoring and control.

Strategies and processes:

In order to realize the above objectives of Credit Risk Management, the Bank prescribes various methods for Credit Risk identification, measurement, grading and aggregation techniques, monitoring and reporting, risk control/ mitigation techniques and management of problem loans/ credits. The Bank has also defined target markets, risk acceptance criteria, credit approval authorities, and guidelines on credit origination/ maintenance procedures.

The strategies are framed keeping in view various measures for Credit Risk Mitigation, which includes identification of thrust areas and target markets, fixing of exposure ceiling based on regulatory guidelines and risk appetite of the Bank, minimizing concentration Risk, and pricing based on rating.

Bank from time to time would identify the potential and productive sectors for lending, based on the performance of the segments and demands of the economy. The Bank restricts its exposures in sectors which do not have growth potentials, based on the Bank's evaluation of industries/ sectors based on the prevailing economic scenario prospects, etc.

The operational processes and systems of the Bank relating to credit are framed on sound Credit Risk Management Principles and are subjected to periodical review.

The Bank has comprehensive credit risk identification processes as part of due diligence on credit proposals.

The structure and organization of the Credit Risk Management Function: Credit Risk Management Structure in the Bank is as under-

- Board of Directors
- Risk Management Committee of the Board (RMCB)
- Credit Risk Management Committee (CRMC)
- Model Review Technical Working Group (MRTWG)
- General Manager-Risk Management Wing, H.O (Chief Risk Officer)
- Deputy General Manager (I&II), Risk Management Wing
- Credit Risk Management Department, Risk Management Wing
- The Credit Risk Management Department comprises of Credit Policy Section, Credit Statistics Section and Credit Risk Management Section. The Credit Risk Management Section has three functional desks, the Credit Risk Management Desk, Credit Risk Rating Desk and Industry Research Desk.
- Model Validation Team (MVT)
- Model Development Team
- Risk Management & Credit Review Section at Circle Offices.

The scope and nature of risk reporting and / or measurement systems:

Bank has an appropriate credit risk measurement and monitoring processes. The measurement of risk is through a pre-sanction exercise of credit risk rating and scoring models put in place by the Bank. The Bank has a separate Risk Rating Policy for identifying the parameters under each of these risks as also assigning weighted scores thereto and rating them on a scale of I to VII. Grade VIII or High Risk Grade III is termed as default grade. The risk rating policy also entails the guidelines on usage/mapping of ratings assigned by the recognized ECAs (External Credit Assessment Institutions) for assigning risk weights for the eligible credit exposures as per the guidelines of the RBI on standardized approach for capital computation and also for pricing purposes.

The Bank has adopted 'Standardized Approach' for entire credit portfolio for credit risk measurement. The bank is endeavouring to move towards IRB approaches and made all necessary efforts in this regard.

The Bank has embarked upon a software solution to get system support for establishing a robust credit data warehouse for all MIS requirements, computation of Risk Weighted Assets (RWA), generate various credit related reports for review of exposure and monitoring, and conducting analysis of credit portfolio from various angles.

Policies for hedging and / or mitigating risk and strategies and processes for monitoring the continuing effectiveness of hedges / mitigants:

Bank primarily relies on the borrower's financial strength and debt servicing capacity while approving credits. Bank does not excessively rely on collaterals or guarantees as a source of repayment or as a substitute for evaluating borrower's creditworthiness. The Bank does not deny credit facilities to those assessed as credit worthy for mere want of adequate collaterals.

In order to manage the Bank's credit risk exposure, the Bank has adopted credit appraisal and approval policies and procedures that are reviewed and updated by the Risk Management Wing at Head office in consultation with other functional wings. The credit appraisal and approval process is broadly divided into credit origination, appraisal, assessment and approval, and dispensation.

Corporate finance and project finance loans are typically secured by a first lien on fixed assets, normally consisting of property, plant and equipment. The Bank also takes security of pledge of financial assets like marketable securities and obtains corporate guarantees and personal guarantees wherever appropriate. Working Capital loans are typically secured by a first lien on current assets, which normally consist of inventory and receivables.

Bank has laid down detailed guidelines on documentation to ensure legal certainty of Bank's charge on collaterals.

The Bank's policy is to ensure portfolio diversification and evaluate overall exposure in a particular industry / sector in the light of forecasts of growth and profitability for that industry, and the risk appetite of the Bank. The Bank monitors exposures to major sectors of the economy and specifically exposure to various industries and sensitive sectors. Exposure to industrial activities is subjected to the credit exposure ceilings fixed by the Bank based on the analysis on performance of the industry. The Bank's exposures to single and group borrowers as also substantial exposure is fixed as per the risk rating of the borrowers and monitored periodically in order to keep the exposure level within the prudential ceiling norms advised by Reserve Bank of India from time to time.

The credit origination is through the grass root level ably assisted by the branch net work and Circle Offices. The process of identification, application is carried out before commencing an in depth appraisal, due diligence and assessment.

The credit approval process is a critical factor and commences with the mandatory credit risk rating of the borrower as a pre sanction exercise. The measurement of Credit Risk associated with the borrower evaluates indicative factors like; borrowers' financial position, cash flows, activity, current market trends, past trends, management capabilities, experience with associated business entities, nature of facilities etc. The credit sanctioning powers delegated to the various authorities based on internal risk rating categories of the borrower already put in place. In terms of the Ministry of Finance notifications, Bank has set up Credit Approval Committees at HO and circle levels. The credit sanctioning powers of all the sanctioning authorities at administrative units (i.e., besides branch powers) are withdrawn and the committee approach for credit approval has been put in place. The Bank has in place specialized branches viz. Centralized Processing Units (CPUs), Retail Asset Hubs (RAHs) and SME Sulabhs at select cities to ease credit dispensation turnaround time and ensure specialized attention.

To enhance the control measures, a separate Credit Administration and Monitoring Wing is in place to undertake exclusive loan review, monitoring problem accounts, credit audit, etc. This ensures greater thrust on post sanction monitoring of loans and strengthen administering the various tools available under the Banks' policies on loan review mechanism.

For effective loan review, the Bank has the following in place:

- Credit Audit System to identify, analyze instances of non-compliance and rectification.
- Review of loan sanctioned by each sanctioning authority by the next higher authority.
- Mid Term Review of borrowal accounts beyond a certain level of exposure.
- Monitoring of special watch accounts at various levels. Formation of Slippage Management Committee at HO / Circles to monitor the accounts with exposure of ₹ 10 Million & above, among the list of accounts appearing in SWL
- Monitoring tools like Credit Monitoring Format (web-based), Quarterly Information Systems, Half Yearly Operation Systems, Stock Audits, Special Watch List Accounts, etc.
- Credit Monitoring Officers at branches in charge of monitoring functions.
- In order to strengthen pre-disbursement monitoring of compliance to sanction terms and conditions, obtention of stipulated collateral securities ensuring perfection of securities before disbursement etc, Pre-release Audit System has been introduced.
- A framework has been developed outlining a corrective action plan that will incentivize early identification of problem account, timely restructuring of accounts which are considered to be viable and taking prompt steps by lenders for recovery or sale thereby revitalizing the distressed accounts in the Bank.

Loans Past due and Impaired: As per the prudential norms applied for income recognition, asset classification and provisioning, the Bank considers following categories of loans and advances as Non-performing Assets, wherein:

- Interest and/or installment of principal remain overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of a Term Loan
- The account remains 'out of order' in respect of an Overdraft/Cash Credit (OD/CC). An account should be treated as 'out of order' if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power. In cases where the outstanding balance in the principal operating account is less than the sanctioned limit/drawing power, but there are no credits continuously for 90 days as on the date of Balance Sheet or credits are not enough to cover the interest debited during the same period, these accounts should be treated as 'out of order'.
- The bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in the case of Bills Purchased and Discounted.
- In case of agricultural advances, interest and/or installment of principal remains overdue for 2 crop seasons (in respect of short duration crops) & 1 crop season (in respect of long duration crops).
- Any amount receivable that remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of other accounts.
- Interest charged during any quarter is not serviced fully within 90 days from the end of the quarter.

(ii) Quantitative Disclosures

(b) Total Gross Credit Risk Exposure:

Amount (₹ in Millions)	
Particulars	31.03.2014
Fund Based Exposures	3,041,440.89
Non-fund Based Exposures	2,150,362.94
Total Gross Credit Exposures	5,191,803.83

(c) Geographic Distribution of Exposures:

Exposures	Amount (₹ in Millions)	
	Fund Based Exposures	Non-fund Based Exposures
	31.03.2014	31.03.2014
Domestic operations	2,848,720.00	2,021,899.04
Overseas operations	192,720.89	128,463.90
Total	3,041,440.89	2,150,362.94

(d) Industry Type Distribution of Exposures (Global):

Amount (₹ in Millions)			
SI No.	INDUSTRY	Fund Based Outstanding	Non Fund Based Outstanding
		31.03.2014	31.03.2014
1.1	Mining and Quarrying	30,718.20	1,520.00
1.2	Food Processing	68,830.80	4,520.00
	1.2.1 Sugar	19,555.10	560.00
	1.2.2 Edible Oils and Vanaspati	2,606.70	1,400.00
	1.2.3 Tea	1,062.00	710.00
	1.2.4 Others	45,607.00	1,850.00
1.3	Beverage & Tobacco	7,540.00	250.00
1.4	Textiles	134,320.50	13,850.00
	1.4.1 Cotton Textiles	60,197.60	3,150.00
	1.4.2 Jute Textiles	1,380.0	240.00
	1.4.3 Other Textiles	72,742.90	10,460.00
1.5	Leather & Leather Products	12,332.70	320.00
1.6	Wood and Wood Products	4,460.00	1,440.00
1.7	Paper & Paper Products	20,730.10	4,640.00
1.8	Petroleum, Coal Products and Nuclear Fuels	48,195.90	28,250.00
1.9	Chemicals and Chemical Products	42,298.80	7,759.40
	1.9.1 Fertilizer	2,675.30	3,070.00
	1.9.2 Drugs & Pharmaceuticals	17,408.40	2,030.00
	1.9.3 Petro Chemicals	3,719.60	349.40
	1.9.4 Others	18,495.50	2,310.00
1.10	Rubber, Plastic & their Products	13,370.00	1,810.00
1.11	Glass and Glassware	1,706.80	30.00
1.12	Cement and Cement Products	18,357.30	610.00
1.13	Basic Metal and Metal Products	187,575.30	39,270.00
	1.13.1 Iron and Steel	122,509.90	31,230.00
	1.13.2 Other Metal and Metal Products	65,065.40	8,040.00
1.14	All Engineering	71,680.50	52,623.40
	1.14.1 Electronics	11,876.10	6,440.00
	1.14.2 Electricity	18,550.00	17,923.40

	1.14.3 Others	41,254.40	28,260.00
1.15	Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and Transport Equipments	32,448.20	6,950.00
1.16	Gems & Jewellery	11,180.00	10,890.00
1.17	Construction	48,672.50	44,130.00
1.18	Infrastructure	645,301.30	38,910.00
	1.18.1 Power	438,329.90	32,210.00
	1.18.2 Telecommunications	73,731.70	3,910.00
	1.18.3 Roads	70,380.00	680.00
	1.18.4 Airports	18,270.00	0.00
	1.18.5 Ports	10,920.00	110.00
	1.18.6 Railways (other than Indian Railways)	11,730.00	1,670.00
	1.18.7 Other Infrastructure	21,939.70	330.00
1.19	Other Industries	198,651.10	8,340.00
	INDUSTRY (Total of Small, Medium and Large Scale)	1,598,370.00	266,112.80

Credit Exposure of industries where outstanding exposure is more than 5% of the Total Gross Credit Exposure of the Bank is as follows:

SI No	Industry	Total Exposure (₹ in Millions)	% of Total Gross Credit Exposure
1	Power	470,539.90	9.06%

(e) Residual Contractual Maturity Breakdown of Assets:

Maturity Pattern	Amount (₹ in Millions)		
	Advances	Investments	Foreign Currency Assets
	31.03.2014	31.03.2014	31.03.2014
0 to 1 day	94,988.30	3,346.60	12,942.80
2 to 7 days	136,358.60	5,490.20	30,257.90
8 to 14 days	111,190.00	556.30	14,752.80
15 to 28 days	162,313.80	6,316.20	22,710.10
29 days to 3 months	212,435.70	24,068.20	75,515.40
Over 3 months & upto 6 months	214,939.00	13,400.20	60,541.20
Over 6 months & upto 1 year	401,353.20	22,276.50	85,664.50
Over 1 year & upto 3 years	763,722.70	123,566.80	37,959.00
Over 3 year & upto 5 years	279,747.30	300,923.90	14,758.90
Over 5 years	639,536.40	736,995.30	19,328.30
Without Maturity	0.00	32,802.00	0.00
Total	3,016,585.00	1,269,742.20	374,430.90

(f) Amount of Non-Performing Assets (Gross):

Sl No	Items		Amount (₹ in Millions)
			31.03.2014
a)	Gross NPAs		77,107.70
	▪	Sub-Standard	34,802.40
	▪	Doubtful 1	24,692.30
	▪	Doubtful 2	16,997.20
	▪	Doubtful 3	204.90
	▪	Loss	410.80
b)	Net NPAs		60,408.30
c)	NPA Ratios		
	▪	Gross NPAs to Gross Advances (%)	2.53
	▪	Net NPAs to Net Advances (%)	2.01
d)	Movement of NPAs (gross)		
	▪	Opening balance	63,664.30
	▪	Additions	84,881.20
	▪	Reductions	71,437.80
	▪	Closing Balance	77,107.70
e)	Movement of Provisions for NPAs		
	▪	Opening Balance	9,930.10
	▪	Exchange Fluctuations & Others	304.60
	▪	Provisions made during the period	22,557.00
	▪	Write-off	15,931.70
	▪	Write back of excess provisions	493.60
▪	Closing Balance	16,366.40	
f)	Amount of Non-Performing Investments		2,981.60
g)	Amount of Provisions held for Non-Performing Investments		2,331.60
h)	Movement of Provisions for Depreciation on Investments		
	▪	Opening Balance	2,269.50
	▪	Provisions made during the period	550.10
	▪	Write-off	8.00
	▪	Write Back of excess Provisions	1,041.60
	▪	Closing Balance	1,770.00

TABLE DF – 4: CREDIT RISK: DISCLOSURES FOR PORTFOLIOS SUBJECT TO THE STANDARDIZED APPROACH

(i) Qualitative Disclosures

(a) FOR PORTFOLIOS UNDER THE STANDARDIZED APPROACH:

- The Bank has recognized following credit rating agencies for the purpose of rating of an exposure & assigning risk weights for computation of capital charge under standardized approach.

Domestic Credit Rating Agencies:

- Brickwork Ratings India Private Limited (Brickwork),
- Credit Analysis & Research Limited (CARE),
- CRISIL Limited,
- ICRA Limited,
- India Ratings and Research Private Limited (Formerly FITCH India),
- SMERA Ratings Limited

International Credit Rating Agencies:

- Standard & Poor,
- Moody's,
- FITCH

- **Types of exposure for which each agency is used:**

All the above agencies are recognized for rating all types of exposures.

A description of the process used to transfer public issue ratings onto comparable assets in the banking books:

- The Bank uses only publicly available solicited ratings that are valid and reviewed by the recognized External Credit Rating Agencies, referred as External Credit Assessment Institutions (ECAI).
- Bank uses Bank Loan Rating for risk weighting the borrower's exposures. Where Issuer Rating is available, the Bank uses such ratings unless the bank loan is specifically rated.
- The Bank does not simultaneously use the rating of one ECAI for one exposure and that of another ECAI for another exposure of the same borrower, unless the respective exposures are rated by only one of the chosen ECAIs. Further, the Bank does not use rating assigned to a particular entity within a corporate group to risk weight other entities within the same group.

- Running limits such as Cash Credit are treated as long term exposures and accordingly, long term ratings are used for assigning risk weights for such exposures.
- While mapping/applying the ratings assigned by the ECAs, the Bank is guided by regulatory guidelines/Bank's Board approved Policy.
- Where exposures/ borrowers have multiple ratings from the chosen ECAs, the Bank has adopted the following procedure for risk weight calculations:
 - If there are two ratings accorded by chosen ECAs, which map into different risk weights, the higher risk weight is applied.
 - If there are three or more ratings accorded by the chosen ECAs which map into different risk weights, the ratings corresponding to the lowest 2 ratings are referred to and higher of those two risk weights is applied.

(ii) Quantitative Disclosures

(b) Amount of the Bank's Exposures – Gross Advances (Rated & Unrated) in Major Risk Buckets – under Standardized Approach, after factoring Risk Mitigants (i.e. Collaterals):

SI No	Particulars	Amount (₹ in Millions)	
		FUND BASED	NON-FUND BASED
		31.03.2014	31.03.2014
1	Below 100% Risk Weight	3,132,813.35	1,791,548.19
2	100% Risk Weight	930,531.48	674,130.28
3	More than 100% Risk Weight	545,052.15	253,408.15
4	Deducted (Risk Mitigants)	375,654.29	125,497.74
5	TOTAL	4,232,742.69	2,593,588.88

TABLE DF – 5: CREDIT RISK MITIGATION – DISCLOSURES FOR STANDARDIZED APPROACHES

(i) Qualitative disclosures

Policies and processes for collateral valuation and management: The Bank is having a Board approved collateral management policy which lays down the process, objectives, accepted types of collaterals and the framework including suitable management information system for effective collateral management. The Collaterals and guarantees properly taken and managed that would serve to:

- mitigate the risk by providing secondary source of repayment in the event of borrower's default on a credit facility due to inadequacy in expected cash flow or not;
- gain control on the source of repayment in the event of default;
- provide early warning of a borrower's deteriorating repayment ability; and
- Optimize risk weighted assets and to address Residual Risks adequately.

Bank uses a number of techniques to mitigate the credit risks to which they are exposed. The revised approach allows banks in India to adopt the Comprehensive Approach (under both the Standardized and IRB approaches) which allows fuller offset of collateral against exposures by effectively reducing the exposure amount by the value ascribed to the collateral. Under this approach, banks, which take eligible financial collateral, are allowed to reduce their credit exposure to the counterparty when calculating their capital requirements by taking into account the risk mitigating effect of the collateral.

Collateral Management process and practices of the Bank cover the entire activities comprising security and protection of collateral value, validity of collaterals and guarantees, and valuation / periodical inspection.

Valuation: Both the Fixed and the Current Assets obtained to secure the loans granted by the Bank are subjected to valuation by valuers empanelled by the Bank. Monetary limits of the accounts, asset classification of the borrower, which is to be subjected to valuation, periodicity of valuation, are prescribed in the Bank's policy guidelines. Bank reviews the guidelines on valuation periodically.

Description of the main types of collateral taken by the Bank: The collateral commonly used by the Bank as risk mitigants comprises of Financial Collaterals (i.e. Cash, Bank deposits, Life Insurance policies, NSC, KVP, Government securities issued directly / by postal departments, equity shares of limited companies other than the Bank and approved by the Bank, debentures, units of mutual funds, debt securities etc.), different categories of moveable assets and immovable assets / properties etc. However, for the purpose of computation of capital required under Standardized Approach, certain specific financial collaterals have been recognized as eligible collateral.

Main types of Guarantor counterparty and their creditworthiness: Bank obtains/ accepts guarantees of sovereign, sovereign entities (including BIS, IMF, European Central Bank and European community as well as Multilateral Development Banks, ECGC and CGTMSE). Besides this, Bank also obtains Personal or Corporate guarantee having adequate net worth, as an additional comfort for mitigation of credit risk which can be translated into a direct claim on the guarantor, and are unconditional and irrevocable. The Creditworthiness of the guarantor is normally not linked to or affected by the borrower's financial position. The Bank also accepts guarantee given by State / Central Government as a security comfort. Such Guarantees remain continually effective until the facility covered is fully repaid or settled or released.

Credit Risk Mitigation recognized by the Bank for the purpose of reducing capital requirement under New Capital Adequacy Framework (Basel II Norms): The Bank has recognized Cash, Bank's own Deposits, Gold & Gold Jewellery as Credit Risk Mitigations for the purpose of reducing capital requirement under the New Capital Adequacy Framework (Basel II Norms).

Information about risk concentration within the mitigation taken: The Bank has already initiated steps for putting in place a data warehouse for a robust Management Information System (MIS) to facilitate management of Credit Risk and evaluation of effectiveness of collateral management including risk concentrations of collaterals.

(ii) Quantitative Disclosures

SI No.	PARTICULARS	Amount (₹ in Millions)
		31.03.2014
(b)	The total exposure (after, where applicable, on- or off balance sheet netting) that is covered by eligible financial collateral after the application of haircuts for each separately disclosed credit risk portfolio.	479,925.38
(c)	The total exposure (after, where applicable, on- or off-balance sheet netting) that is covered by guarantees/credit derivatives (whenever specifically permitted by RBI) for each separately disclosed portfolio	245,019.15

TABLE DF – 6: SECURITIZATION EXPOSURES: DISCLOSURE FOR STANDARDIZED APPROACH

(i) Qualitative disclosures

The policy guidelines cover guidelines involving transfer of assets through Securitisation and direct assignment of cash flows and are on without recourse basis.

The guidelines to banks on securitisation of standard assets contain:

- The provisions relating to securitization of assets.
- Stipulations regarding transfer of standard assets through direct assignment of cash flows.

The bank's existing policy guidelines deals with purchase of pools from an originator (Bank/NBFC/FI). Purchase of assets through Direct Assignment of cash flows from originating NBFCs/Banks/FIs shall be only from those rated 'A' and above. The Bank's Policy has the provision to purchase portfolio with underlying assets pertaining to Agriculture, MSME, Retail and Non priority portfolio.

Bank can purchase loans from other banks/FIs/NBFCs in India only if the seller has explicitly disclosed to the bank that it will adhere to the Minimum Retention Requirement on an ongoing basis.

The bank monitors the purchase transactions on an ongoing basis at certain intervals and takes appropriate action wherever required. The general prescription laid down in the Master policy on Credit Risk Management with regard to loan review mechanism and monitoring is applicable to securitization transactions.

The exposure to the originator shall be within the prudential exposure ceilings stipulated by the Bank.

(ii) Quantitative Disclosures

(i) Banking Book:

₹ In Millions

SI No	PARTICULARS	31.03.2014																								
(d)	The total amount of exposures securitized by the Bank.	18,742.60																								
(e)	For exposures securitized losses recognized by the Bank during the current period broken by the exposure type (e.g. Credit Cards, Housing Loans, Auto Loans etc. detailed by underlying security):																									
	₹ In Million																									
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Exposure Type</th> <th>Exposure Outstanding as on 31.03.2014</th> <th>Recognized gains/ (losses) 31.03.2014</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Housing Loans</td> <td>9,639.10</td> <td>Nil</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MSME Loans</td> <td>9,103.50</td> <td>Nil</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>18,742.60</td> <td>Nil</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Exposure Type	Exposure Outstanding as on 31.03.2014	Recognized gains/ (losses) 31.03.2014	Housing Loans	9,639.10	Nil	MSME Loans	9,103.50	Nil	Total	18,742.60	Nil													
Exposure Type	Exposure Outstanding as on 31.03.2014	Recognized gains/ (losses) 31.03.2014																								
Housing Loans	9,639.10	Nil																								
MSME Loans	9,103.50	Nil																								
Total	18,742.60	Nil																								
(f)	Amount of assets intended to be securitized within a year	Nil																								
(g)	Of (c), amount of assets originated within a year before Securitisation.	NA																								
(h)	The total amount of exposures securitized (by exposure type) and unrecognized gain or losses on sale by exposure type	NA																								
(i)	Aggregate amount of:																									
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> On-balance sheet Securitisation Exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type: 																									
	₹ in Million																									
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Exposure Type</th> <th>Exposure Outstanding as on 31.03.2014</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Housing Loans</td> <td>9,639.10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MSME Loans</td> <td>9,103.50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>18,742.60</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Exposure Type	Exposure Outstanding as on 31.03.2014	Housing Loans	9,639.10	MSME Loans	9,103.50	Total	18,742.60																	
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Total	18,742.60																									
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Off-balance sheet Securitisation Exposures broken down by exposure type 	Nil																								
(j)	(i) Aggregate amount of Securitisation Exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges, broken down between exposures and further broken down into different risk weight bands for each regulatory capital approach as on 31.03.2014																									
	₹ in Million																									
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Exposure Type</th> <th>< 100% risk weights</th> <th>100% risk weights</th> <th>> 100% risk weights</th> <th>Total exposure</th> <th>Capital Charge @ 9%</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Housing Loans</td> <td>-</td> <td>9,639.10</td> <td>-</td> <td>9,639.10</td> <td>867.52</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MSME Loans</td> <td>-</td> <td>9,103.50</td> <td>-</td> <td>9,103.50</td> <td>819.31</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>-</td> <td>18,742.60</td> <td>-</td> <td>18,742.60</td> <td>1,686.83</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Exposure Type	< 100% risk weights	100% risk weights	> 100% risk weights	Total exposure	Capital Charge @ 9%	Housing Loans	-	9,639.10	-	9,639.10	867.52	MSME Loans	-	9,103.50	-	9,103.50	819.31	Total	-	18,742.60	-	18,742.60	1,686.83	
Exposure Type	< 100% risk weights	100% risk weights	> 100% risk weights	Total exposure	Capital Charge @ 9%																					
Housing Loans	-	9,639.10	-	9,639.10	867.52																					
MSME Loans	-	9,103.50	-	9,103.50	819.31																					
Total	-	18,742.60	-	18,742.60	1,686.83																					

(ii) Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1 Capital, credit enhancing I/Os deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital (by exposure type).	Nil
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(ii) Trading Book:

		₹ In Millions															
SI No	PARTICULARS	31.03.2014															
(k)	Aggregate amount of exposures Securitized by the Bank for which the Bank has retained some exposures and which is subject to the Market Risk approach, by exposure type.	11,075.50															
(l)	Aggregate amount of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • On-balance sheet Securitisation Exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type; and • Off-balance sheet Securitisation Exposures broken down by exposure type 	11,075.50 NIL															
(m)	Aggregate amount of Securitisation Exposures retained or purchased separately for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Securitisation Exposures retained or purchased subject to Comprehensive Risk Measure for Specific Risk; and • Securitization Exposures subject to the securitisation framework for Specific Risk broken down into different risk weight bands. 	11,075.50 <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 10px;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">SI No</th> <th style="width: 60%;">Risk Weight Bands</th> <th style="width: 30%;">Exposure as on 31.03.2014</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td>< 100% Risk Weight</td> <td style="text-align: right;">0.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td>100% Risk Weight</td> <td style="text-align: right;">0.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td>> 100% Risk Weight</td> <td style="text-align: right;">11,075.50</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">4</td> <td>Total</td> <td style="text-align: right;">11,075.50</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	SI No	Risk Weight Bands	Exposure as on 31.03.2014	1	< 100% Risk Weight	0.00	2	100% Risk Weight	0.00	3	> 100% Risk Weight	11,075.50	4	Total	11,075.50
SI No	Risk Weight Bands	Exposure as on 31.03.2014															
1	< 100% Risk Weight	0.00															
2	100% Risk Weight	0.00															
3	> 100% Risk Weight	11,075.50															
4	Total	11,075.50															
(n)	Aggregate amount of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The capital requirements for the Securitisation Exposures, subject to the securitisation framework broken down into different risk weight bands. 	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 10px;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">SI No</th> <th style="width: 60%;">Risk Weight Bands</th> <th style="width: 30%;">Capital Requirement as on 31.03.2014</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td>< 100% Risk Weight</td> <td style="text-align: right;">0.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td>100% Risk Weight</td> <td style="text-align: right;">0.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td>> 100% Risk Weight</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1,495.10</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">4</td> <td>Total</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1,495.10</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	SI No	Risk Weight Bands	Capital Requirement as on 31.03.2014	1	< 100% Risk Weight	0.00	2	100% Risk Weight	0.00	3	> 100% Risk Weight	1,495.10	4	Total	1,495.10
SI No	Risk Weight Bands	Capital Requirement as on 31.03.2014															
1	< 100% Risk Weight	0.00															
2	100% Risk Weight	0.00															
3	> 100% Risk Weight	1,495.10															
4	Total	1,495.10															
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Securitisation Exposures that are deducted entirely from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing I/Os deducted from total capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital (by exposure type). 	NIL															

TABLE DF – 7: MARKET RISK IN TRADING BOOK

(i) Qualitative disclosures

Strategies and processes: The overall objective of market risk management is to create shareholder value by improving the Bank's competitive advantage and reducing loss from all types of market risk loss events.

- While overall leadership and control of the risk management framework is provided by Risk Management Wing, the business units are empowered to set strategy for taking risks and manage the risks.
- All issues or limit violations of a pre-determined severity (materiality, frequency, nature) are escalated to the Risk Management Wing where the actions to address them are determined by the appropriate authorities. The business units are responsible for implementing the decision taken.

The process aims to:

- Establish a pro-active market risk management culture to cover market risk activities.
- Comply with all relevant legislation and regulatory requirements relating to Market Risk
- Develop consistent qualities in evolving policies & procedures relating to identification, measurement, management, monitoring, controlling and reviewing of Market Risk.
- Establish limit structure and triggers for various kinds of market risk factors
- Establish efficient monitoring mechanism by setting up a strong reporting system.
- Adopt independent and regular evaluation of the market risk measures.

The structure and organization of the relevant risk management function: Market Risk Management structure of the Bank is as under–

- Board of Directors
- Risk Management Committee of the Board
- Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO)
- Market Risk Management Committee (MRMC)
- General Manager – RM Wing (Chief Risk officer)-Head Office
- Market Risk Management Department, Risk Management Wing, HO
 - Integrated Mid Office
 - Mid Office – Integrated Treasury
 - Asset Liability Management Section

The scope and nature of risk reporting and/or measurement systems:

- The Bank has put in place various exposure limits for market risk management such as Overnight limit, Intraday limit, Aggregate Gap limit, Stop Loss limit, VaR limit, Broker Turnover limit, Capital Market Exposure limit, Product-wise Exposure limit, Issuer-wise Exposure limit, etc.
- A risk reporting system is in place for monitoring the risk limits across different levels of the Bank from trading desk to the Board level.
- The rates used for marking to market for risk management or accounting purposes are independently verified.
- The reports are used to monitor performance and risk, manage business activities in accordance with the Bank's strategy.
- The reporting system ensures timelines, reasonable accuracy with automation, highlight portfolio risk concentrations, and include written commentary.
- The detailed risk reports enhance the decision-making process.
- Dealing room activities are centralized, and system is in place to monitor the various risk limits.
- The reporting formats & the frequency are periodically reviewed to ensure that they suffice for risk monitoring, measuring and mitigation requirements of the Bank.

Policies for hedging and/or mitigating risk and strategies and processes for monitoring the continuing effectiveness of hedges/mitigants: Various Board approved policies viz., Market Risk Management Policy (Including Country Risk Management and Counterparty Bank Risk Management), Investment Policy, Forex dealing and trading operations Policy and ALM Policy are put in place for market risk management. Market Risk Management Policy provides the framework for risk assessment, identification and measurement and mitigation, risk limits & triggers, risk monitoring and reporting.

The Bank has developed an internal model for country risk rating based on various parameters like GDP growth, inflation, trade balance etc for risk categorization of the countries to allocate limit for taking exposure to various countries.

The Bank has in place a scoring model for categorization of foreign banks. The various exposure limits are set based on the points secured by the counterparties as per the scoring matrix.

The ALM Policy deals with management of Interest Rate Risk and Liquidity Risk. The Policy lays down various guidelines to ensure that the liquidity position is comfortable at times of stress by formulating contingency funding plan. Tolerance levels are incorporated under each timeframe and any breach of it would signal a forthcoming liquidity constraint.

(ii) Quantitative Disclosures

Sl No	Particulars	Amount of capital requirement (₹ in Millions)
		31.03.2014
(a)	Interest Rate Risk	13,424.02
(b)	Equity Position Risk	5,817.54
(c)	Foreign Exchange Risk	592.47

TABLE DF – 8: OPERATIONAL RISK

(i) Qualitative Disclosures

Strategies and processes: The Operational Risk Management process of the Bank is driven by a strong organizational culture and sound operating procedures, involving corporate values, attitudes, competencies, internal control culture, effective internal reporting and contingency planning. Policies are put in place for effective management of Operational Risk in the Bank.

The structure and organization of the relevant risk management function: The Operational Risk Management Structure in the Bank is as under:

- Board of Directors
- Risk Management Committee of the Board (RMCB)
- Operational Risk Management Committee (ORMC)
- Head/ General Manager – Risk Management/ Chief Risk Officer
- Operational Risk Management Department (ORMD), HO
- Chief General Managers/ General Managers of Wings/ Circle Heads
- Nominated Executives at Circles
- Risk Management Sections at Circles
- Risk Officer (Circle Offices / Nodal Officers in functional Wings at Head Office)

The scope and nature of risk reporting and/or measurement systems: The Risk reporting consists of operational risk loss incidents/events occurred in branches/offices relating to people, process, technology and external events. The data collected from different sources are used for preparation of Risk Matrix consisting of seven loss event types and eight business lines recognized by the RBI.

Policies for hedging and/or mitigating risk and strategies and processes for monitoring the continuing effectiveness of hedges/ mitigants:

Bank has put in place policies for management of Operational Risk. The policy framework contains various aspects of Operational Risk management such as identification, management, monitoring & mitigation of Operational Risk areas.

In order to address risks involved in outsourcing of activities, Bank has put in place policies for management of Outsourcing Risk.

Business Continuity Plan Policy is in place to ensure continuity, resumption and recovery of critical business processes, at an agreed level and limit the impact of the disaster on people, process and infrastructure (including IT). This will minimize the operational, financial, legal, reputational and other material consequences arising from a Business impact/ disaster.

Operational Risk Capital Assessment: The Bank has adopted Basic Indicator Approach for calculating capital charge for Operational Risk.

(ii) Quantitative Disclosure:

The capital requirement for Operational Risk under Basic Indicator Approach is ₹ 15,572.82 Millions.

TABLE DF – 9: INTEREST RATE RISK IN THE BANKING BOOK (IRRBB)

(i) Qualitative Disclosures

Interest Rate Risk in Banking Book (IRRBB)

Interest Rate Risk is the risk where changes in market interest rates affect a bank's financial position. As the bank holds rate sensitive on and off balance-sheets items of different maturity/repricing, currencies, markets and benchmark rates, and any adverse movement in these parameters exposes bank to interest rate risk. Interest Rate Risk in Banking Book (IRRBB) reveals the impact on bank's earnings (short-term impact) and net-worth (long-term impact) due to adverse movement of interest rates and is measured on a monthly basis.

Organizational Framework

Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO) of the Bank is responsible for developing and implementing interest rate risk management strategy, managing interest rate risk in different currencies, across borders and across business lines and legal entities as per the risk tolerance established by the Board of Directors/ Risk Management Committee. The ALCO also articulates interest rate view of the bank and bases its decisions for future business strategy. In respect of the funding policy, its responsibility is to decide on source and mix of liabilities for creation of assets. ALCO monitors the various limits established by the Board for interest rate risk and takes corrective action if there is any breach in the limit.

Strategies and Processes

The Bank strives to match the price of its assets and liabilities coupled with proper maturity matching in-order to reduce the gap in different time buckets which are maturing or getting repriced. For measurement and management of interest rate risk, Bank adopts both the Traditional Gap Analysis (TGA) and the Duration Gap Analysis (DGA) to its global position of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items, which are rate sensitive.

The Bank computes its interest rate risk position in each currency applying the TGA and DGA to the rate sensitive assets/ liabilities/ off balance sheet items in that currency, where either the assets, or liabilities are 5 per cent or more of the total of either the Bank's global assets or global liabilities. The interest rate risk position in all other residual currencies is computed separately on an aggregate basis. The non-maturing deposits are classified as per the behavioural study of the Bank.

The interest rate risk arises on account of re-pricing, yield curve change, basis risk and options risk. The Bank aims at capturing these risks arising from the maturity and re-pricing mismatches both from earnings perspective and economic value perspective using techniques viz.,

1. *Gap Analysis*: The basic tool for measuring interest rate risk is preparation of Interest Rate Sensitivity Statement (IRS) by grouping various items of Rate Sensitive Assets (RSA) and Rate Sensitive Liabilities (RSL) and off balance-sheet items into different time buckets according to the residual maturity or next re-pricing, whichever is earlier and arriving at the net gap (i.e., RSA – RSL). A positive or Asset Sensitive Gap means that an increase in market interest rates result in an increase in NII. Conversely, a negative or liability sensitive Gap implies that the Bank's NII could decline as a result of increase in market interest rates.
2. *Earnings at Risk (EaR)*: Earnings at Risk (EaR) indicates whether the bank is in a position to benefit by the rise in interest rate by having positive gap or benefits by fall in interest rate by having a negative gap. The impact of repricing risk on the earnings due to the parallel shift in interest rate is assessed for different rate shocks. Impact on the earnings is also estimated for yield curve change and basis risk.
3. *Market Value of Equity (MVE)*: A long-term impact of changing interest rates is on bank's Market Value of Equity (MVE) or Net-worth as the economic value of bank's assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet positions get affected due to variation in market interest rates. The estimated drop in the Market Value of Equity (MVE) as a result of prescribed rate shock arising from changes in the value of interest rate sensitive positions across the whole Bank is estimated by the Duration Gap Analysis (DGA).

(ii) Quantitative Disclosures

EARNINGS AT RISK

The following table presents the impact on net interest income of the Bank for an assumed parallel shift of 100 bps in interest rate up to one year across currencies as at 31.03.2014.

Amount (₹ in Millions)		
Currencies	Change in interest rate up to 1 Year	
	31.03.2014	
	-100 bps	+100 bps
INR	(3,104.90)	3,104.90
USD	(388.90)	388.90
Others	(103.70)	103.70
Total	(3,597.50)	3,597.50

ECONOMIC VALUE OF EQUITY

The table reveals the impact on Economic Value of Equity for an assumed rate shock of 200 bps on the Banking Book as at 31.03.2014

Change in Economic Value of Equity	-200 bps	+200 bps
	7.16%	(7.16%)

TABLE DF – 10: GENERAL DISCLOSURE FOR EXPOSURES RELATED TO COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK

(i) Qualitative Disclosures

Bank has a board approved policy on Counterparty Credit Risk Management. This policy sets out the standards and guidelines for Counterparty Credit Risk Management at the Bank. Through this policy the bank shall establish its standards and guidelines for identification of CCR in market traded instruments covering various components and relevant sources of risks. This addresses Pre-settlement Risk, Settlement Risk and Wrong Way Risk.

Counterparty Credit Risk is a multi-dimensional form of risk, affected by both the exposure to counterparty and the credit quality of the counterparty, both of which are sensitive to market-induced changes. It is also affected by the interaction of these risks, for example the correlation between an exposure and the credit spread of the counterparty, or the correlation of exposures among the counterparties of the Bank. Implementing an effective CCR management framework thus requires a combination of risk management techniques from the credit, market, and operational risk disciplines.

(ii) Quantitative disclosure

SI No	Particulars	Amount (₹ in Millions)	
		Notional Amount	Current Exposure
		31.03.2014	31.03.2014
1	Foreign Exchange Contracts	1,314,865.30	36,154.40
2	Cross Currency Interest rate Swaps	5,788.00	0.00
3	Single Currency Interest Rate Swaps	62,911.10	4,532.80
4	Total	1,383,564.40	40,687.20

TABLE DF – 11: COMPOSITION OF CAPITAL

Part II: Template to be used before March 31, 2017 (i.e. during the transition period of Basel III regulatory adjustments)

₹ in Millions				
Basel III common disclosure template to be used during the transition of regulatory adjustments (i.e. from April 1, 2013 to December 31, 2017)		Eligible Amount	Amounts subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment	Ref No
Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves				
1	Directly issued qualifying common share capital plus related stock surplus (share premium)	31,803.35		a=a1+a2
2	Retained earnings	207,135.32		b=b1+b2+b3+b4
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	-		
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies)	-		
Public sector capital injections grandfathered until 1 January 2018				
5	Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1)	127.97		c1
6	Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	239,066.64		
Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments				
7	Prudential valuation adjustments	-		
8	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	-		
9	Intangibles other than mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	249.19	373.78	d
10	Deferred tax assets	-		
11	Cash-flow hedge reserve	-		
12	Shortfall of provisions to expected losses	-		
13	Securitisation gain on sale	-		
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-		
15	Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	-		
16	Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)	-		

17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity	624.44	936.66	e
18	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	-		
19	Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold)	-		
20	Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold)	-		
21	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	-		
22	Amount exceeding the 15% threshold	-		
23	of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities	-		
24	of which: mortgage servicing rights	-		
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	-		
26	National specific regulatory adjustments (26a+26b+26c+26d)	3,973.48		
26a	of which: Investments in the equity capital of the unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries	1,938.00	2,907.00	f1
26b	of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries	8.96	13.44	f2
26c	of which: Shortfall in the equity capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank			
26d	of which: Unamortised pension funds expenditures	2,026.52	3,039.78	h
	Regulatory Adjustments Applied to Common Equity Tier 1 in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment	-		
27	Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions	-		

28	Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1	4,847.11		
29	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1)	234,219.53		
Additional Tier 1 capital: instruments				
30	Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus (31+32)	0.00		
31	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares)	0.00		
32	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt Instruments)	0.00		
33	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Additional Tier 1	12,716.80		i
34	Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1)	23.99		c2
35	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	-		
36	Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	12,740.79		
Additional Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments				
37	Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	-		
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments	2,079.20	3,118.80	j
39	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold)	0.00		
40	Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	0.00		
41	National specific regulatory adjustments (41a+41b)	-		

41a	Investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries	-		
41b	Shortfall in the Additional Tier 1 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank	-		
	Regulatory Adjustments Applied to Additional Tier 1 in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment	1,460.22		f3
42	Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions	-		
43	Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital	3,539.42		
44	Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1)	9,201.37		
44a	Additional Tier 1 capital reckoned for capital adequacy	9,201.37		
45	Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1) (29 + 44a)	243,420.90		
Tier 2 capital: instruments and provisions				
46	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments plus related stock surplus	25,000.00		k2
47	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Tier 2	26,033.23		k1
48	Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group Tier 2)	30.48		c3
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	0.00		
50	Provisions	43,960.14		l=I1+I2+I3
51	Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	95,023.85		
Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments				
52	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments	0.00		
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments	883.83	1,325.74	m
54	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold)	0.00		

55	Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	0.00		
56	National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b)	0.00		
56a	of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries	0.00		
56b	of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank	0.00		
	Regulatory Adjustments Applied To Tier 2 in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment	1,460.22		f4
57	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2	2,344.05		
58	Tier 2 capital (T2)	92,679.80		
58a	Tier 2 capital reckoned for capital adequacy	92,679.80		
58b	Excess Additional Tier 1 capital reckoned as Tier 2 capital	0.00		
58c	Total Tier 2 capital admissible for capital adequacy (58a + 58b)	92,679.80		
59	Total Capital (TC = T1 + T2) (45 + 58c)	336,100.70		
	Risk Weighted Assets in respect of Amounts subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment			
60	Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c)	31,26,456.58		
60a	of which: total credit risk weighted assets	27,33,047.18		
60b	of which: total market risk weighted assets	2,20,378.07		
60c	of which: total operational risk weighted assets	1,73,031.33		
Capital ratios				
61	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	7.49%		
62	Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	7.79%		
63	Total capital (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	10.75%		

64	Institution specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement plus capital conservation and countercyclical buffer requirements, expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	5.50%		
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	2.50%		
66	of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement	0.00		
67	of which: G-SIB buffer requirement	0.00		
68	Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	0.00		
National minima (if different from Basel III)				
69	National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	5.00%		
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	6.50%		
71	National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	9.00%		
Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)				
72	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities	4,327.94		
73	Significant investments in the common stock of financial entities	781.56		
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	0.00		
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	0.00		
Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2				
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap)	19,218.00		
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardized approach	34,163.09		
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap)	0.00		
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach	0.00		

Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2022)		
80	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	NA
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	NA
82	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	12,716.80
83	Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	3,179.20
84	Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	26,033.23
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	6,508.30

TABLE DF – 12: COMPOSITION OF CAPITAL – RECONCILIATION REQUIREMENTS

Step 1

		₹ in Mn	
		Balance sheet as in Financial Statements	Balance sheet under regulatory scope of Consolidation
		As at 31 st March 2014	As at 31 st March 2014
A	Capital & Liabilities		
i	Paid-up Capital	4,612.59	4,612.59
	Reserves & Surplus	297,150.03	293,541.08
	Minority Interest	3,135.54	1,070.71
	Total Capital	304,898.16	299,224.38
ii	Deposits	4,206,036.80	4,206,175.10
	of which: Deposits from banks	199,496.22	199,496.22
	of which: Customer deposits	1,023,823.93	1,023,904.87
	of which: Term Deposits – Others	2,982,716.65	2,982,774.01
iii	Borrowings	273,097.24	273,097.24
	of which: From RBI	0.00	0.00
	of which: From banks	109,050.26	109,050.26
	of which: From other institutions & agencies	51,287.15	51,287.15
	of which: Unsecured Redeemable Bonds	112,759.83	112,759.83
iv	Other liabilities & provisions	226,863.69	144,907.29
	Total	5,010,895.89	4,923,404.01
B	Assets		
i	Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	221,610.29	221,539.71
	Balance with banks and money at call and short notice	227,105.51	226,626.91
ii	Investments:	1,354,453.55	1,269,452.76
	of which: Government securities	1,097,124.19	1,076,678.49
	of which: Other approved securities	1,674.61	14.99
	of which: Shares	55,730.00	15,493.91
	of which: Debentures & Bonds	98,399.34	84,079.48
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / Associates	6,824.61	5,429.36
	of which: Others (Commercial Papers, Mutual Funds etc.)	94,700.80	87,756.53
iii	Loans and advances	3,013,260.16	3,013,260.16
	of which: Loans and advances to banks	377.51	377.51

	of which: Loans and advances to customers	3,012,882.65	3,012,882.65
iv	Fixed assets	66,619.76	66,482.33
v	Other assets	127,846.62	126,042.14
	of which: Deferred tax assets	NIL	NIL
vi	Goodwill on consolidation	NIL	NIL
vii	Debit balance in Profit & Loss account	NIL	NIL
	Total Assets	5,010,895.89	4,923,404.01

Step 2

				₹ in Mn
		Balance sheet as in Financial Statements	Balance sheet under regulatory scope of Consolidation	Ref No.
A	Capital & Liabilities	As at 31 st March, 2014	As at 31 st March, 2014	
i	Paid-up Capital	4,612.59	4,612.59	
	of which: Amount eligible for CET1	4,612.59	4,612.59	a1
	of which: Amount eligible for AT1	0.00	0.00	
	Reserves & Surplus	297,150.03	293,541.08	
	of which:			
	- Statutory Reserve	73,496.40	73,496.40	b1
	- Share Premium	28,440.76	27,190.76	a2
	- Capital Reserve	13,562.71	13,562.71	b2
	- Revenue Reserve	87,432.64	85,076.21	b3
	- Special Reserve	35,000.00	35,000.00	b4
	- Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	2,157.07	2,157.07	
	- Revaluation Reserve	54,982.53	54,982.53	l3 (45%)
	- Investment Reserve Account	2,050.00	2,050.00	l2
	- Capital Reserve on Consolidation	27.92	25.40	
	Minority Interest	3,135.54	1,070.71	
	of which eligible for Common Equity Tier 1		127.97	c1
	of which eligible for Additional Tier 1		23.99	c2
	of which eligible for Tier 2		30.48	c3
	Total Capital	304,898.16	299,224.38	
ii	Deposits	4,206,036.80	4,206,175.10	
	of which: Deposits from banks	199,496.22	199,496.22	
	of which: Customer deposits	1,023,823.93	1,023,904.87	

	of which: Term Deposits - Others	2,982,716.65	2,982,774.01	
iii	Borrowings	273,097.24	273,097.24	
	of which: From RBI	0.00	0.00	
	of which: From banks	109,050.26	109,050.26	
	of which: From other institutions & agencies	51,287.15	51,287.15	
	of which: Unsecured Redeemable Bonds	112,759.83	112,759.83	
	of which: Eligible AT 1 Instruments	12,716.80	12,716.80	i
	of which: Eligible Tier II Bonds	26,033.23	26,033.23	k1
	of which: Eligible Tier II Bonds not subject to phased out	25,000.00	25,000.00	k2
iv	Other liabilities & provisions	226,863.69	144,907.29	
	of which: DTLs related to goodwill	0.00	0.00	
	of which: DTLs related to intangible assets	0.00	0.00	
	of which: Standard Assets Provision	17,168.00	17,168.00	l1
	Total	5,010,895.89	4,923,404.01	
B Assets				
i	Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	221,610.29	221,539.71	
	Balance with banks and money at call and short notice	227,105.51	226,626.91	
ii	Investments	1,354,453.55	1,269,452.76	
	of which: Government securities	1,097,124.19	1,076,678.49	
	of which: Other approved securities	1,674.61	14.99	
	of which: Shares	55,730.00	15,493.91	
	of which: Eligible Reciprocal Cross Holding in CET 1 Capital instruments	1,561.10	1,561.10	e
	of which: Debentures & Bonds	98,399.34	84,079.48	
	of which: Eligible Reciprocal Cross Holding in AT1 capital instruments	5,198.00	5,198.00	j
	of which: Eligible Reciprocal Cross Holding in Tier 2 capital instruments	2,209.57	2,209.57	m
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / Associates	6,824.61	5,429.36	
	of which: Investments in the equity capital of the unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries	4,845.00	4,845.00	g=f1+f2+f3 +f4
	of which: Investments in the equity capital of the unconsolidated Non financial subsidiaries	22.40	22.40	
		of which: Others (Commercial Papers, Mutual Funds etc.)	94,700.80	87,756.53
iii	Loans and advances	3,013,260.16	3,013,260.16	
	of which: Loans and advances to banks	377.51	377.51	

	of which: Loans and advances to customers	3,012,882.65	3,012,882.65	
iv	Fixed assets	66,619.76	66,482.33	
	of which: Eligible amount of Intangible assets	622.97	622.97	d
v	Other assets	127,846.62	126,042.14	
	of which: Goodwill and intangible assets	0.00		
	of which: Deferred tax assets	0.00		
	of which: Unamortised Pension and Gratuity	5,066.30	5,066.30	h
vi	of which: Goodwill on consolidation	0.00	0.00	
vii	of which: Debit balance in Profit & Loss account	0.00	0.00	
	Total Assets	5,010,895.89	4,923,404.01	

Step 3

Extract of Basel III common disclosure template (with added column) – Table DF-11 (Part I/ Part II whichever applicable)			
Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves			
		Component of regulatory capital reported by bank	Source based on reference number/ letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation from step 2
1	Directly issued qualifying common share (and equivalent for non-joint stock companies) capital plus related stock surplus	31,803.35	a1+a2
2	Retained Earnings	207,135.32	b1+b2+b3+b4
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	-	
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET 1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies)	-	
5	Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1)	127.97	c1
6	Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	239,066.64	
7	Prudential valuation adjustments	-	
8	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	-	

TABLE DF – 13: MAIN FEATURES OF REGULATORY CAPITAL INSTRUMENTS

1. INSTRUMENT: Equity Shares

Disclosure template for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	ISIN - INE476A01014
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970 and Canara Bank (Shares and Meetings) Regulations, 2000
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Equity Shares
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	4,612.59
9	Par value of instrument	4,612.59 (Face Value – Rs. 10/- per share)
10	Accounting classification	Equity Share Capital
11	Original date of issuance	Various dates as given in the annexure below
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
13	Original maturity date	No Maturity
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Not Applicable
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Not Applicable
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not Applicable
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Not Applicable
18	Coupon rate and any related index	Not Applicable
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Not Applicable
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable

26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable
27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable
30	Write-down feature	No
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	Represents the most subordinated claim in liquidation
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

Annexure:

SI No	Year	Particulars	Cumulative number of Equity Shares
1	31.03.1999	Held by Government of India	30,00,00,000
2	14.12.2002	Initial Public Offer (IPO) Placement of Equity Shares	41,00,00,000
3	15.03.2011	Qualified Institutional Placement (QIP)	44,30,00,000
4	31.12.2013	Preferential Allotment to Government of India	46,12,58,837

2. INSTRUMENT: Innovative Perpetual Debt Instruments (IPDI) – Tier I (Series I)

Disclosure for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE476A09207
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Additional Tier 1
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Perpetual Debt Instruments
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	1922.40
9	Par value of instrument	1,000,000.00
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	30/03/2009
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
13	Original maturity date	No Maturity
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	30/03/2019
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	The Bank has the call option after 10 years from the date of issue with the prior approval of Reserve Bank of India
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	9.00
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Partially Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	Yes
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable
27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable

29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable
30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The claim of investors in these instruments shall be superior to the claims of investors in the equity in the equity shares and subordinated to the claims of all other creditors.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

3. INSTRUMENT: Innovative Perpetual Debt Instruments (IPDI) – Tier I (Series II)

Disclosure for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE476A09215
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Additional Tier 1
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Perpetual Debt Instruments
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	4800
9	Par value of instrument	1,000,000.00
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	21/08/2009
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
13	Original maturity date	No Maturity
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	21/08/2019
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	The Bank has the call option after 10 years from the date of issue with the prior approval of Reserve Bank of India
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	9. 10
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Partially Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	Yes
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable
27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable

28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable
30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The claim of investors in these instruments shall be superior to the claims of investors in the equity in the equity shares and subordinated to the claims of all other creditors.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

4. INSTRUMENT: Innovative Perpetual Debt Instruments (IPDI) – Tier I (Series III)

Disclosure for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE476A09223
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Additional Tier 1
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Perpetual Debt Instruments
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	5994.40
9	Par value of instrument	1,000,000.00
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	03/08/2010
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
13	Original maturity date	No Maturity
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	03/08/2020
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	The Bank has the call option after 10 years from the date of issue with the prior approval of Reserve Bank of India
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	9.05
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Partially Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	Yes
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable
27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable

28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable
30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The claim of investors in these instruments shall be superior to the claims of investors in the equity in the equity shares and subordinated to the claims of all other creditors.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

5. INSTRUMENT: Upper Tier II Bonds (Series I)

Disclosure for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE476A09157
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	1600.00
9	Par value of instrument	1,000,000.00
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	16/09/2006
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	16/09/2021
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	16/09/2016
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	The Bank has the call option after 10 years from the date of issue with the prior approval of Reserve Bank of India
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	9.00
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Partially Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	Yes
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable

27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable
30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The claims of the investors in these instruments shall rank superior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 capital and subordinate to the claims of all other creditors.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

6. INSTRUMENT: Upper Tier II Bonds (Series II)

Disclosure for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE476A09165
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	1600.00
9	Par value of instrument	1,000,000.00
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	23/03/2007
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	23/03/2022
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	23/03/2017
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	The Bank has the call option after 10 years from the date of issue with the prior approval of Reserve Bank of India
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	10.00
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Partially Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	Yes
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable

27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable
30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The claims of the investors in these instruments shall rank superior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 capital and subordinate to the claims of all other creditors.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

7. INSTRUMENT: Upper Tier II Bonds (Series III)

Disclosure for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE476A09231
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	8000.00
9	Par value of instrument	1,000,000.00
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	29/09/2010
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	29/09/2025
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	29/09/2020
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	The Bank has the call option after 10 years from the date of issue with the prior approval of Reserve Bank of India
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	8.62
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Partially Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	Yes
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable

27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable
30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The claims of the investors in these instruments shall rank superior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 capital and subordinate to the claims of all other creditors.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

8. INSTRUMENT: Upper Tier II Bonds (FC Bonds)

Disclosure template for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	Canara Bank through its London branch
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	ISIN XS0276148847
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	English Law
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Upper Tier II
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	4793.22
9	Par value of instrument	USD 100
10	Accounting classification	Borrowing
11	Original date of issuance	27/11/2006
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	28/11/2021
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	28/11/2016
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not Applicable
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	6.3650 (US-Treasury)
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	Yes
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable
27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable
30	Write-down feature	No

31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	Senior to Equity
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

9. INSTRUMENT: Lower Tier II Bonds (Series VI)

Disclosure for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE476A09108
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	NIL
9	Par value of instrument	1,000,000.00
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	30/09/2004
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	31/05/2014
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Not Applicable
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not Applicable
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	6.75
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Partially Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable
27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable

30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The claims of the investors in these instruments shall rank superior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 capital and subordinate to the claims of all other creditors.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

10. INSTRUMENT: Lower Tier II Bonds (Series VII)

Disclosure for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE476A09116
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	NIL
9	Par value of instrument	1,000,000.00
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	18/02/2005
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	18/05/2014
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Not Applicable
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not Applicable
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	7.05
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Partially Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable
27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable

30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The claims of the investors in these instruments shall rank superior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 capital and subordinate to the claims of all other creditors.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

11. INSTRUMENT: Lower Tier II Bonds (Series VIII)

Disclosure for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE476A09124
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	800.00
9	Par value of instrument	1,000,000.00
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	29/09/2005
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	29/04/2015
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Not Applicable
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not Applicable
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	7.40
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Partially Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable
27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable

30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The claims of the investors in these instruments shall rank superior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 capital and subordinate to the claims of all other creditors.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

12. INSTRUMENT: Lower Tier II Bonds (Series IX)

Disclosure for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE476A09132
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	680.00
9	Par value of instrument	1,000,000.00
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	01/03/2006
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	01/05/2015
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Not Applicable
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not Applicable
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	8.15
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Partially Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable
27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable

30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The claims of the investors in these instruments shall rank superior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 capital and subordinate to the claims of all other creditors.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

13 INSTRUMENT: Lower Tier II Bonds (Series IX A)

Disclosure for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE476A09140
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	1840.00
9	Par value of instrument	1,000,000.00
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	15/09/2006
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	15/09/2016
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Not Applicable
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not Applicable
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	8.85
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Partially Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable
27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable

30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The claims of the investors in these instruments shall rank superior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 capital and subordinate to the claims of all other creditors.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

14. INSTRUMENT: Lower Tier II Bonds (Series X)

Disclosure for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE476A09173
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	1280.00
9	Par value of instrument	1,000,000.00
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	30/03/2007
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	30/03/2017
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Not Applicable
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not Applicable
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	9.90
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Partially Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable
27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable

30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The claims of the investors in these instruments shall rank superior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 capital and subordinate to the claims of all other creditors.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

15. INSTRUMENT: Lower Tier II Bonds (Series XI)

Disclosure for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE476A09181
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	3360.00
9	Par value of instrument	1,000,000.00
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	09/01/2008
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	09/01/2018
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Not Applicable
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not Applicable
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	9.00
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Partially Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable
27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable

30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The claims of the investors in these instruments shall rank superior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 capital and subordinate to the claims of all other creditors.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

16. INSTRUMENT: Lower Tier II Bonds (Series XII)

Disclosure for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE476A09199
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	2080.00
9	Par value of instrument	1,000,000.00
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	16/01/2009
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	16/01/2019
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Not Applicable
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not Applicable
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	8.08
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Partially Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable
27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable

30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The claims of the investors in these instruments shall rank superior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 capital and subordinate to the claims of all other creditors.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

17. INSTRUMENT: BASEL III Compliant Tier II Bonds (Series I)

Disclosure for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE476A09249
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	15000.00
9	Par value of instrument	1,000,000.00
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	03/01/2014
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	03/01/2024
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Not Applicable
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not Applicable
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	9.73
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Partially Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable
27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable

30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The claims of the investors in these instruments shall rank superior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 capital and subordinate to the claims of all depositors and general creditors.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

18. INSTRUMENT: BASEL III Compliant Tier II Bonds (Series II)

Disclosure for main features of regulatory capital instruments		
1	Issuer	CANARA BANK
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE476A09256
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	The Banking Regulation Act, 1949
	<i>Regulatory treatment</i>	
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo & Group
7	Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	10000.00
9	Par value of instrument	1,000,000.00
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	27/03/2014
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	27/03/2024
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Not Applicable
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not Applicable
	<i>Coupons / dividends</i>	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	9.70
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Partially Discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible
24	If Convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not Applicable
25	If Convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable
26	If Convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable
27	If Convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable
28	If Convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not Applicable
29	If Convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not Applicable

30	Write-down feature	Not Applicable
31	If write-down, write-down triggers (s)	Not Applicable
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	The claims of the investors in these instruments shall rank superior to the claims of investors in instruments eligible for inclusion in Tier 1 capital and subordinate to the claims of all depositors and general creditors.
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable

TABLE DF – 14: Full Terms and Conditions of Regulatory Capital Instruments

Disclosures pertaining to full terms and conditions of regulatory Capital Instruments have been disclosed separately on the Bank’s Website under ‘Regulatory Disclosure Section’. The link to this section is <http://www.canarabank.com/English/Scripts/BaselIIIDisclosures.aspx>